



All return and performance figures are based on fund's K series

FUND OBJECTIVE

The Fund invests its assets globally, primarily in the shares of listed infrastructure companies of the traditional industrialised countries (OECD countries). Infrastructure companies focus on the provision of the basic structures and services of society (i.a., water, electricity and road networks). The Fund’s objective is to offer investors the possibility of investing in infrastructure companies in a liquid manner and on a global basis, so that, i.a., the risk associated with regional economic cycles is diversified. The Fund is seeking steadier returns than the general equity market performance. The Fund’s equity exposure may vary between 75–100 %. All of the Fund returns are reinvested. The Fund does not have any official benchmark index. The Fund returns are determined based on the value fluctuation of the underlying shares. The Fund’s investment decisions are based on the long-term return outlook, and so the Fund’s risk and reward profile may in the short term deviate considerably from the below description.

PORFTFOLIO MANAGER'S COMMENT

Global equities nosedived in March. UB Infra was up 0,5%.

Global stock markets took a negative turn in March. The Trump administration is introducing a vast set of higher tariffs. Financial markets are bracing for an unprecedented situation.

The turmoil in the financial markets is affecting central bank policies. In the US the Fed is now more likely to lower the rates despite growing inflation pressures. The same applies to the ECB.

The outlook for the global economy has worsened and for the equities market, too. Infrastructure stocks should continue more stable performance in the coming months.

FUND FACTS

EU SFDR Classification	Article 8
Currency	Euro
Inception Date	17.1.2006
Global Broad Category Group	Equity
Morningstar Category	EAA Fund Sector Equity Infrastructure
Morningstar Rating	★★★★
Fund size	65,10

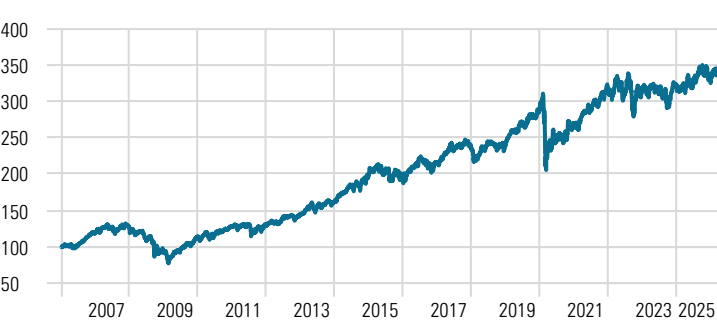
KEY FIGURES SINCE INCEPTION

Return, % p.a.	6,7
Volatility, %	15,3
Sharpe Ratio	0,36
Max Drawdown, %	-41,8

PERIODIC RETURNS, %

1 month	0,5
Year-to-date	4,3
1 year	6,8
3 years, p.a.	1,7
5 years, p.a.	8,2
Since inception, p.a.	6,7

FUND PERFORMANCE SINCE INCEPTION



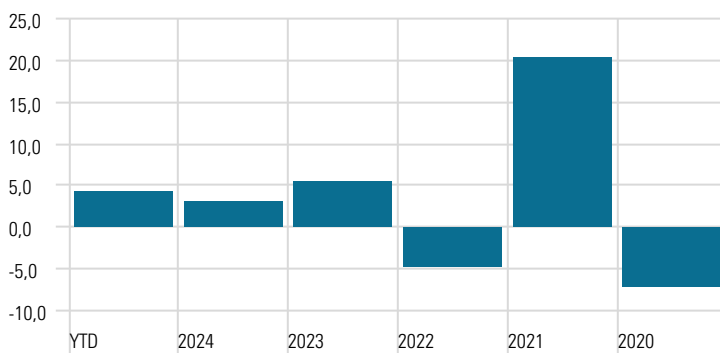
UB Infra K

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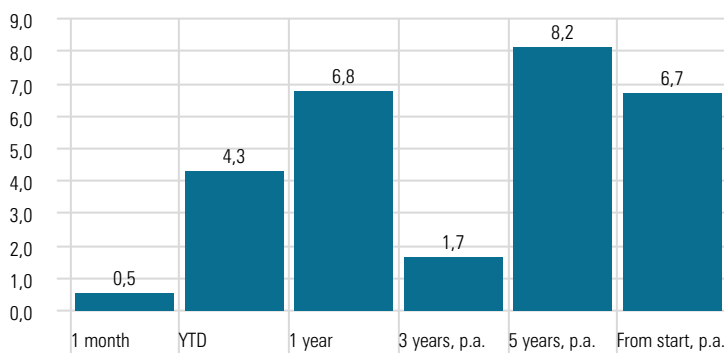
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RETURN PER CALENDAR YEAR, %



■ UB Infra K

PERIODIC RETURNS, %



■ UB Infra K

MONTHLY RETURNS, %

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year
2025	2,0	1,7	0,5										4,3
2024	-1,0	-1,1	3,1	-1,3	2,6	-3,2	5,4	1,2	1,6	-2,1	2,8	-4,2	3,2
2023	4,1	-1,3	1,1	1,2	-2,2	1,0	0,8	-3,5	-2,8	-0,8	6,1	2,0	5,5
2022	-2,9	-0,1	6,1	-0,1	-1,3	-5,7	6,7	-1,8	-9,9	4,6	5,5	-4,5	-4,9
2021	-0,9	-0,8	5,9	2,2	1,0	-0,8	3,2	2,2	-1,8	4,5	-0,7	5,3	20,4
2020	4,1	-7,2	-15,3	5,2	0,5	-0,4	0,9	0,5	-1,5	0,1	9,3	-1,3	-7,1
2019	5,6	2,7	2,3	0,5	-0,8	3,0	1,0	1,7	3,2	-0,1	-0,5	2,3	22,8
2018	-3,5	-3,4	1,4	4,5	0,4	1,4	1,4	-0,2	-1,7	-0,9	1,3	-2,2	-1,9
2017	-1,1	3,8	2,6	1,2	3,7	-1,5	0,6	1,4	-1,0	3,1	0,6	-2,7	10,7
2016	-0,8	0,3	4,0	1,8	1,9	1,5	1,9	-2,9	0,2	-1,0	-1,4	2,4	8,0
2015	5,5	-1,6	1,7	0,3	0,8	-5,5	2,8	-3,9	-2,5	5,9	0,1	-1,9	1,0

LARGEST POSITIVE CONTRIBUTION, 1 month

	Weight, %	Return, %	Contribution, %
Veolia Environnement SA	2,6	10,4	0,27
E.ON SE	2,0	13,4	0,26
Elia Group SA/NV	0,6	36,2	0,20
Italgas SpA	2,7	7,2	0,19
Redeia Corporacion SA	2,3	7,4	0,17
Vinci SA	2,7	4,7	0,12
American Water Works Co Inc	2,7	4,5	0,12
Pennon Group PLC	2,0	5,6	0,11
Fraport AG	2,5	4,2	0,10
Terna SpA	2,6	3,8	0,10

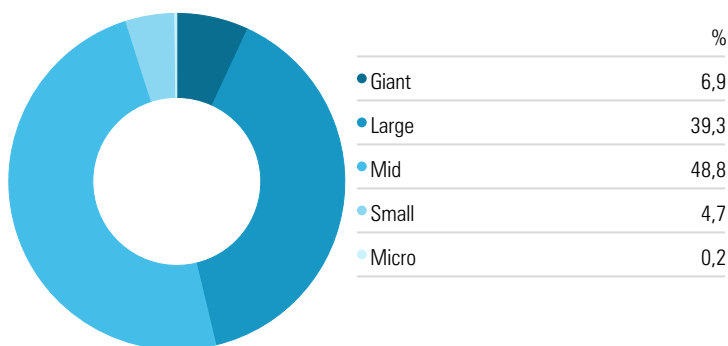
LARGEST NEGATIVE CONTRIBUTION, 1 month

	Weight, %	Return, %	Contribution, %
Canadian Pacific Kansas City Ltd	2,5	-13,5	-0,34
CSX Corp	2,3	-11,5	-0,26
Verbund AG Class A	2,4	-10,1	-0,24
Norfolk Southern Corp	2,5	-7,2	-0,18
Japan Airport Terminal Co Ltd	1,7	-10,0	-0,17
Flughafen Zuerich AG	2,3	-7,3	-0,17
Canadian National Railway Co	2,2	-7,4	-0,17
Union Pacific Corp	2,0	-7,8	-0,16
Grupo Aeroportuario del Pacifico SAB de CV ADR	2,3	-6,0	-0,14
Eversource Energy	2,6	-3,9	-0,10

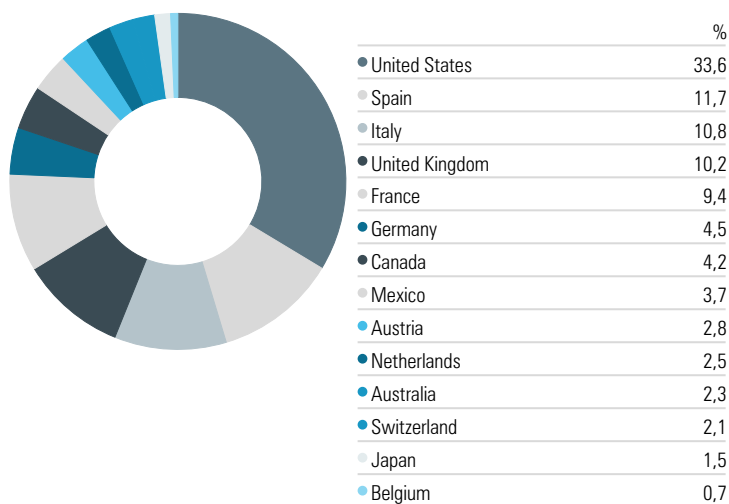
Source: Morningstar Direct

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HOLDINGS BY MARKET VALUE



HOLDINGS BY COUNTRY



INDUSTRY ALLOCATION

Electric utilities	17,3 %
Multi-Utilities	16,2 %
Airport Services	14,0 %
Water utilities	13,3 %
Railtracks	9,8 %
Construction & Engineering	4,7 %
Highways & railtracks	4,5 %
Oil & Gas Stor. & Trans.	3,7 %
Environ. & Facil. Services	3,6 %

LARGEST HOLDINGS

	Weight, %	Return to date, %	Country
Iberdrola SA	2,6	10,8	ESP
Italgas SpA	2,5	20,5	ITA
American Water Works Co Inc	2,4	7,1	USA
Essential Utilities Inc	2,4	-1,4	USA
National Grid PLC	2,4	0,5	GBR
Vinci SA	2,4	12,1	FRA
Redeia Corporacion SA	2,4	11,6	ESP
Terna SpA	2,4	4,6	ITA
Getlink SE Act. Provenant Regroupement	2,4	1,0	FRA
Veolia Environnement SA	2,4	8,6	FRA

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KEY SUSTAINABILITY INFORMATION

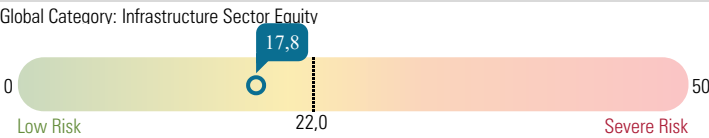
EU SFDR Classification	Article 8
Fund Sustainability Risk (ESG)	17,8
Fund Sustainability Risk, Environmental (E)	5,6
Fund Sustainability Risk, Social (S)	7,6
Fund Sustainability Risk, Governance (G)	3,8
Fund Sustainability Risk, Unallocated	0,8
Carbon Intensity (tCO2e/USDm in Revenues)	253,6
Carbon Risk	Low Risk
EU Taxonomy Aligned Revenues (%), Including Sovereign Reven	—
EU Taxonomy Aligned Capital Expenditures (%), Including Sovere	—
Percent of UN Global Compact Violations (%)	0,0
Percent of Eligible Portfolio Covered (%)	100,0
Number of Securities Scored	52

SUSTAINABILITY RATING



The Morningstar Sustainability Rating is based on relative fund comparison according to Morningstar's methodology, where Morningstar benchmarks funds according to their current and historical sustainability risk factors. The Fund's rating relative to its peer group is measured by the number of globes ranging from five (the top performing 10%) to one (the least performing 10%).

SUSTAINABILITY RISK RELATIVE TO PEER GROUP



The Sustainalytics ESG Risk Rating measures the degree to which a company's economic value is at risk due to Environmental (E), Social (S), and Governance (G) factors. The Fund's sustainability risk is calculated as an asset-weighted average and classified on a five-point numerical scale: negligible (0-10), low (10-20), medium (20-30), high (30-40), and severe (≥ 40).

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Alpha describes the effect of the portfolio manager's investment choices on the fund's return compared with the return of an index portfolio with corresponding market risk, i.e. the additional returns attained by the fund in relation to its market risk.

Beta describes the sensitivity of the fund's value to changes in the benchmark index. If the value of the benchmark index changes by one per cent, the expected change in the fund's value is $\beta \times 1$ percent. On average, the fund's value will change more than the value of the benchmark index if the β value is greater than 1. A β value less than 1 indicates the opposite, i.e. that the fund's value will change less than the benchmark value.

Sharpe Ratio indicates the size of return relative to risk taken. The Sharpe ratio measures the fund's return (with volatility of one per cent) in excess of a risk-free return. The higher the Sharpe ratio, the more favorable the relationship between return and risk.

Tracking Error indicates the risk of active portfolio management in relation to the risk of the benchmark index. The higher the number, the more the fund's performance differs from the benchmark's performance. If the tracking error is 5 %, the fund's return will deviate in about two years out of three ± 5 % of the benchmark's return. The tracking error is zero if the relative weights of the fund's investments are exactly the same as in the benchmark index. Tracking error increases if investment weights are changed relative to the weights of the benchmark index.

Volatility is a risk measure generally used in financial markets. It reflects variability in the return of an investment or a portfolio. The higher the volatility, the greater the variability in return and the risk involved. If the fund's expected return is 12 % and the volatility is 20 %, then the fund's return for two years out of three is 12 ± 20 %, that is, between -8 % and +32 %.

EU SFDR Classification. In accordance with the EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR, 2019/2088), United Bankers' funds are classified into three categories in terms of their sustainability factors. Article 6 ("ordinary") funds do not have a defined sustainability scope, Article 8 ("light green") funds promote sustainability factors, and Article 9 ("dark green") funds pursue to make sustainable investments.

EU Taxonomy The EU taxonomy is part of the European Green Deal, which promotes the EU's goal of achieving a carbon neutral economy by 2050. The EU taxonomy is a classification system which defines environmentally sustainable economic activities and promotes at least one of the EU's six environmental objectives. In the report, the average percentages of revenues, capital expenditures, and operational expenditures generated from taxonomy-aligned economic activities are stated for the Fund's investments.

Carbon intensity measures the ratio of a company's greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1 and Scope 2) to its revenues. Carbon intensity can be divided into the following categories: very low (0–15), low (15–70), medium (70–250), high (250–525), and very high (≥ 525). As there is no upper limit to the metric, very large greenhouse gas emissions can lead to a very high carbon intensity.

Carbon Risk. The Sustainalytics Carbon Risk Rating measures the extent to which the value of an investment is impacted by the removal of fossil fuels and the transition to a low-carbon economy, i.e., the transition risks caused by climate change. According to the TCFD (Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures), transition risks are market-based risks related to legislation, technology, markets, and reputational harm driven by the green transition. Sustainalytics classifies carbon risk on a five-point numerical scale: negligible (0), low (0–10), medium (10–30), high (30–50), and severe (≥ 50).

Sustainability Risk. Sustainability risk refers to an event or circumstance related to Environmental (E), Social (S), or Governance (G) factors, the realization of which could have an actual or potential negative material impact on the value of an investment. The realization of material sustainability risks can affect investment returns and thus fund returns. The information on sustainability risks presented in this report is based on the information on sustainability risks in Sustainalytics' ESG database. Sustainalytics' company-level risk assessment methodology considers the sustainability risks typical of the company's industry group, the realization of sustainability risks in the company, and the company's actions to manage sustainability risks. Sustainalytics classifies sustainability risk on a five-point numerical scale: negligible (0–10), low (10–20), medium (20–30), high (30–40), and severe (≥ 40). The Fund's sustainability risk is calculated as an asset-weighted average of the individual sustainability risks of the Fund's investments.

Sustainability Rating. The Morningstar Sustainability Rating is based on relative fund comparison according to Morningstar's methodology, where Morningstar benchmarks funds according to their current and historical sustainability risk factors. The Fund's rating relative to its peer group is measured by the number of globes: five globes (the top performing 10% of funds), four globes (the following 22.5% of funds), three globes (the middle 35% of funds), two globes (the following 22.5% of funds), and one globe (the least performing 10% of funds). The Morningstar Sustainability Rating covers over 40,000 funds worldwide.

The United Nations (UN) Global Compact Principles and Violations Monitoring. The UN Global Compact is the world's largest corporate responsibility initiative which consists of 10 principles in the areas of human rights, labor, the environment, and anti-corruption. The principles are based on the UN Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work, the UN Rio Declaration on Environment and Development, and the UN Convention against Corruption. Sustainalytics' norms-based screening assesses companies' impact on stakeholders and the extent to which a company causes, contributes, or is linked to violations of international norms and standards. Sustainalytics uses four categories in norms-based screening: no violations (Compliant), monitored by Sustainalytics (Watchlist), violations (Non-compliant), and unclassified, in which case no data is available. Sustainalytics' norms-based screening covers more than 13,000 companies worldwide.



United Bankers Oyj

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